#### What you should have learned after Recitation 1

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- The slides are written exclusively for 244 students. It might not be appropriate to use them in any earlier course.
- There may be errors. Use them at your own discretion. Anyone who notify me with an error will get some award in grade points.

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• Addition:  $\ln x + \ln y = \ln xy$ .

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- Substraction:  $\ln x \ln y = \ln \frac{x}{y}$ .

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#### Logarithm Rules

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- Multiple:  $y \ln x = \ln x^y$

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In case you are not familiar with it, please do the following:

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In case you are not familiar with it, please do the following:

• Open the pdf file http://people.ucsc.edu/~miglior/chapterpdf/Ch10\_SE.pdf

- Addition:  $\ln x + \ln y = \ln xy$ .
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In case you are not familiar with it, please do the following:

- Open the pdf file http://people.ucsc.edu/~miglior/chapterpdf/Ch10\_SE.pdf
- Read Section 10.5 on page 45 in the pdf file (page 733 in the book), try all example problems, and do Exercise 44 61 on page 51 in the pdf file (Page 740 in the book).

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• Zero set of cos x:

$$\{k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2} : k = 0, \pm 1, \pm 2, \cdots\}$$

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Exercise:

- Determine the zero set of  $\cos(2x + \frac{\pi}{3})$ .
- Determine the set of points that blows  $tan(2x + \frac{\pi}{3})$  up.

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• Open the pdf file http:

 $//{\tt www.eht.k12.nj.us}/^{\rm \sim} {\tt staffoch}/{\tt Textbook}/{\tt chapter04.pdf}$ 

- Open the pdf file http: //www.eht.k12.nj.us/~staffoch/Textbook/chapter04.pdf
- Read Section 4.3, make sure you memorize the table of the values of sine, cosine and tangent on usual special angles on page 23 of the PDF file (page 279 in the book), and do Exercise 17
  - 26 on page 28 of the pdf file (page 284 in the book).

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- Read Section 4.5, make sure you can recognize, distinguish different graphs of the trignometric functions and manipulate them by scaling and translation, and do Exercise 3 - 14, 23 - 16 on page 48 in the pdf file (page 304 in the book)

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Frankly speaking, factorization involves so many techniques that cannot be summarized in one single slide. So I'll skip that. Just do the following work

• Open the pdf file

 $\tt http://people.ucsc.edu/~miglior/chapterpdf/Ch05\_SE.pdf$ 

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• Open the pdf file

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• Read Section 5.4, try all example problems and do Exercise 51 - 70 on page 40 of the pdf file (page 348 of the book).

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You might think: "what a crazy assignment!" But trust me, it wouldn't take long for you to recognize the fun and get addicted to playing with factorization. Enjoy it!

$$\int \frac{t^3}{(1+t^2)(1+t)} dt$$

$$\int \frac{t^3}{(1+t^2)(1+t)} dt = \int \frac{t^3+t^2+t+1-t^2-t-1}{t^3+t^2+t+1}$$

$$\int \frac{t^3}{(1+t^2)(1+t)} dt = \int \frac{t^3 + t^2 + t + 1 - t^2 - t - 1}{t^3 + t^2 + t + 1}$$
$$= \int \left(1 - \frac{t^2 + t + 1}{(1+t^2)(1+t)}\right) dt$$

$$\int \frac{t^3}{(1+t^2)(1+t)} dt = \int \frac{t^3 + t^2 + t + 1 - t^2 - t - 1}{t^3 + t^2 + t + 1}$$
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$$= t - \int \frac{t^2 + t + 1}{(1+t^2)(1+t)} dt$$

Second step: deal with the fraction, break it into parts that can be integrated. Let

$$\frac{t^2 + t + 1}{(1 + t^2)(1 + t)} = \frac{A}{1 + t} + \frac{Bt + C}{1 + t^2}$$

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$$\frac{t^2 + t + 1}{(1 + t^2)(1 + t)} = \frac{A}{1 + t} + \frac{Bt + C}{1 + t^2}$$
$$= \frac{A(1 + t^2) + (Bt + C)(1 + t)}{(1 + t)(1 + t^2)}$$

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$$A + B = 1, B + C = 1, A + C = 1$$

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$$\Rightarrow A = B = C = \frac{1}{2}$$

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Integral = 
$$t - \int \left(\frac{1}{2(t+1)} - \frac{t+1}{2(t^2+1)}\right) dt$$

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=  $t - \frac{1}{2} \ln|t+1| - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{t}{t^2+1} dt - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{1+t^2} dt$ 

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=  $t - \frac{1}{2} \ln|t+1| - \frac{1}{4} \ln|1+t^2| - \frac{1}{2} \arctan t + C$ 

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=  $t - \frac{1}{2} \ln|t+1| - \frac{1}{4} \ln|1+t^2| - \frac{1}{2} \arctan t + C$ 

# The End

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